Effective Shared Care Agreement (ESCA)



Degarelix

ESCA: For the treatment of advanced hormone-dependent prostate cancer.

AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE SHARING OF CARE

This shared care agreement outlines suggested ways in which the responsibilities for managing the prescribing of degarelix in prostate cancer can be shared between the specialist and general practitioner (GP). You are invited to participate however, if you do not feel confident to undertake this role, then you are under no obligation to do so. In such an event, the total clinical responsibility for the patient for the diagnosed condition remains with the specialist.

Sharing of care assumes communication between the specialist, GP and patient. The intention to share care will be explained to the patient by the specialist initiating treatment. It is important that patients are consulted about treatment and are in agreement with it. Patients with prostate cancer are usually under regular specialist follow-up, which provides an opportunity to discuss drug therapy.

The doctor who prescribes the medication legally assumes clinical responsibility for the drug and the consequences of its use. **RESPONSIBILITIES and ROLES**

Specialist responsibilities

- 1. Confirm the diagnosis of prostate cancer histologically and/or radiologically
- Discuss the potential benefits, treatment side effects, and possible drug interactions with the patient.
- 3. Ask the GP whether he or she is willing to participate in shared care before initiating therapy where possible so that appropriate follow on prescribing arrangements can be made
- 4. Do baseline monitoring of serum PSA, LFT's, U+E's and radiological staging (which may include NM bone scan/CT chest/abdomen/pelvis/ MRI spine/renal USS) prior to initiation of degarelix.
- 5. Administer initial loading dose of 240mgs as 2x120mgs injections in the lower anterior abdomen
- 6. Stabilise patient on 80mgs Degarelix for 2 months before requesting GP participates in shared care prescribing
- Review the patient's condition and monitor response to treatment 3-6 monthly.
- 8. Send a written summary promptly to the GP i.e. within 10 working days of a hospital outpatient review or inpatient stay.
- Report serious adverse events to the MHRA via Yellow Card Scheme https://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk
- 10. Ensure clear backup arrangements exist for GPs, for advice and support (please complete contact details in appendix 1).

General Practitioner responsibilities

- 1. Reply to the request for shared care as soon as practicable i.e. within 10 working days.
- 2. Prescribe 80mgs degarelix every 28 days
- 3. In the patient's notes, using the appropriate Read Code listed below, denote that the patient is receiving treatment under a shared care agreement.

GP Prescribing System	Read Code	Description		GP Prescribing System	Read Code	Description
EMIS and Vision	8BM5.00	Shared care prescribing		SystmOne	XaB58	Shared care

- 4. Report to and seek advice from the specialist or clinical nurse specialist on any aspect of patient care that is of concern to the GP, patient or carer and may affect treatment or if condition deteriorates.
- 5. Ensure the administration of degarelix injection is carried out by trained practice staff only and not by patients
- 6. Report serious adverse events to specialist and MHRA via the Yellow Card Scheme https://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk
- 7. Stop treatment on the advice of specialist.

Patient's role

- Report to the specialist, clinical nurse specialist or GP if he does not have a clear understanding of the treatment.
- 2. Attend regularly for required blood tests and out-patient appointment clinic reviews
- 3. Share any concerns in relation to treatment with degarelix with the specialist, clinical nurse specialist or GP.
- Report any adverse effects to the specialist or GP whilst receiving degarelix.

Please enter Specialists' contact details and patient specific information in Appendix 1

Birmingham, Sandwell, Solihull and environs Area Prescribing Committee (BSSE APC) Degarelix ESCA Date: April 2019 Review date: April 2022



SUPPORTING INFORMATION

NICE TA 404	Degarelix is recommended as an option for treating advanced hormone-dependent prostate cancer in men					
	with signs or symptoms of spinal metastases, only if the commissioner can achieve at least the same					
	discounted drug cost as that available to the NHS in June 2016.					
Licensed indication	Treatment of adult male patients with advanced hormone-dependent prostate cancer.					
Dosage and Administration	Starting dose	To be prescribed and administered by secondary care.	240mg administered as two subcutaneous injections of 120 mg each.			
	Initial maintenance dose (for 2 months)	To be prescribed and administered by secondary care.	80mg administered monthly as one subcutaneous injection every 28 days			
	Maintenance dose	To be prescribed and administered monthly by primary care.	80mg administered monthly as one subcutaneous injection.			
	The first mainte	The first maintenance dose should be given one month after the starting dose in secondary care				
	If the patient misses his degarelix injection by more than 2 weeks, he should be given the initia 240mg degarelix (as two subcutaneous injections of 120mg each) and then follow the modegarelix schedule thereafter. PSA should be measured. Inform secondary care specialist team • NOTE: THE VIALS SHOULD NOT BE SHAKEN					
	Degarelix is for subcutaneous use ONLY.					
			nust be followed carefully – please see packaging leaflet.			
	The reconstituted solution should be a clear liquid, free of undissolved matter.					
	should be g		ministered in the abdominal region. The injection site should vary periodically. Injections in areas where the patient will not be exposed to pressure e.g. not close to waistband close to the ribs			
	 Administration of other concentrations is not recommended because the gel depot formation is influenced by the concentration. 					
	• <u>www.ferringukhcp.co.uk/urology/firmagon</u> -training video on-line					
Special populations: Elderly, renal or hepatic impairment.	No modification is required for mild – moderate renal or hepatic impairment. Consultant urologists/oncologists will ensure patients with more severe hepatic or renal impairment are stable on treatment before sharing care.					
Contra-indications	Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.					
Special precautions						
Side Effects	Very common	Hot flush*, injection site discomfort and or redness				
	Common	Anaemia*, weight i increased liver transal pain and discomfort*, pyrexia, fatigue*, Influ	ncrease*, insomnia, dizziness, headache, diarrhoea, nausea, minases, hyperhidrosis (incl. night sweats)*, rash, musculoskeletal gynaecomastia*, testicular atrophy*, erectile dysfunction*, chills,			
		1				



	Specialists please complete the information in table below:							
	Parameter		Baseline results					
	Serum prostate specific antigen (PSA) levels-						
Pre-treatment	Liver function tests including Alk							
(Baseline)	Full blood count							
monitoring	Bone density (Bone Mass Density	ole)						
	<u>Parameter</u>		Frequency (once stab	ole)				
0	Serum PSA		3-6 monthly					
On- going	U+Es		Annually					
monitoring By secondary care	Bone profile		Annually					
by secondary care	Liver function tests		annually					
	Full blood count		Annually					
Actions to be taken	<u>Parameter</u>	Reason fo		Follow up action				
if out of range:	Prostate specific antigen (PSA)	Raised ab	ove threshold or 50%	Specialist team for re-assessmen				
	levels	rise in ba	seline PSA in 6 months	ine PSA in 6 months				
			ecutive measurements					
	Liver function - in patients with	Raised AL	T and AST	Specialist team for re-assessment				
	known or suspected hepatic							
	disorder	<u> </u>						
	Lower urinary tract symptoms	Deteriora	tion	Specialist team for re-assessmen				
- · · · ·	Bone pain	<u> </u>		Specialist team for re-assessmen				
Re-referral to	If patient develops the following sy	mptoms:	Contact the Urology/Oncology on call team on the same					
specialist team	Lower limb neurology		day by telephone (see contact details below).					
	Suspicion of spinal cord compression No formal drug-drug interaction studies have been performed.							
Drug Interactions	No formal drug-drug interaction st	udies have l	peen pertormed.					
(significant	Cinco androgon domination treatment		alama tha OTa interrel	the componitions use of decree its sait				
interaction as			_	the concomitant use of degarelix wit				
outlined in BNF,	medicinal products known to prolong the QTc interval or medicinal products able to induce torsades de							
please see BNF and SPC for more detail)	pointes such as class IA (e.g. quinidine, disopyramide) or class III (e.g. amiodarone, sotalol, dofetilide, ibutilide) antiarrhythmic medicinal products, methadone, moxifloxacin, antipsychotics, etc. should be carefully evaluated.							

References

SmPC Firmagon® Injection

NICE TA404 - Degarelix for treating advanced hormone-dependent prostate cancer

NICE CG75 - Metastatic spinal cord compression in adults: risk assessment, diagnosis and management

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Email address:

Appendix 1:

Trust

Contact details

Consultant :-

General Practitioner

Name (please print)_

Effective Shared Care Agreement (ESCA) **Degarelix**

Telephone No.

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Please refer to BSSE APC formulary <u>website</u> for complete document.

BACK-UP ADVICE AND SUPPORT (To be completed by Specialist team)

Specialist Nurse	2:-			
On-call Oncolo	gy team :-			
		·		
Patient's name	Date of birth	Sex	Home Address	Hospital Number
				NHS Number
Hospital Specialist/Cons	ultant			
Name (please print)		Signature	Date	
(produce prints)		8		
To be completed by	the General Pra	actitioner:		
Lagrag to participate	in this shared cars	a araamant fa	ur tha traatmant of the above no	amed patient with degraphy
	in this shared care	e agreement to	or the treatment of the above na	imed patient with degarelix
in prostate cancer.				

Please keep a copy of this agreement for your own records and forward the original to the above named Consultant.

In the patient's notes, using the appropriate Read Code listed below, denote that the patient is receiving treatment under a shared care							
agreement.							
GP Prescribing	System	Read Code	Description		GP Prescribing System	Read Code	Description
EMIS and V	ision	8BM5.00	Shared care prescribing		SystmOne	XaB58	Shared care

_____Date__